FORM 10-Q

SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

For Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2004

OR

[] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.

For the transition period from _____ to _____

Commission File Number 1-8462

(Mark one)

GRAHAM CORPORATION (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

| DELAWARE | 16-1194720 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------|
| (State or other jurisdiction of | (I.R.S. Employer |
| incorporation or organization) | Identification No.) |

20 FLORENCE AVENUE, BATAVIA, NEW YORK14020(Address of Principal Executive Offices)(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including Area Code - 585-343-2216

(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes __X__ No ____

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an accelerated filer (as defined by Rule 12b-2 of the Act).

Yes ____ No __X__

As of August 3, 2004, there were outstanding 1,658,327 shares of common stock, \$.10 per share.

Graham Corporation and Subsidiaries Index to Form 10-Q For the Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 2004

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GRAHAM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

FORM 10-Q

JUNE 30, 2004

PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

(Dollar amounts in thousands except per share data)

Unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements of Graham Corporation (the Company) and its subsidiaries as of June 30, 2004 and for the three month periods ended June 30, 2004 and 2003 are presented on the following pages. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Company's usual accounting policies, are based in part on approximations and reflect all normal and recurring adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary to a fair presentation of the results of the interim periods. The March 31, 2004 Consolidated Balance Sheet was derived from the Company's audited Balance Sheet for the year ended March 31, 2004.

This part also includes management's discussion and analysis of the Company's financial condition as of June 30, 2004 and its

GRAHAM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

(Unaudited)

| (Unaudited) | | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| <table></table> | | |
| <caption></caption> | June 30, 2004 | March 31, 2004 |
| <s></s> | <c></c> | <c></c> |
| Assets | | |
| Current assets: | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 1,110 | \$ 467 |
| Investments | 4,495 | 5,296 |
| Trade accounts receivable, net of | 1/ 100 | 0,200 |
| allowances (\$86 and \$75 at June 30 and | | |
| March 31, 2004, respectively | 6,244 | 8,950 |
| Inventories, net | 6,792 | 7,015 |
| Domestic and foreign income taxes | 07/02 | 1,010 |
| receivable | 945 | 972 |
| Deferred income tax asset | 1,711 | 1,538 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current | -, · | _, |
| assets | 360 | 217 |
| | | |
| Total current assets | 21,657 | 24,455 |
| Property, plant and equipment, net | 9,034 | 9,227 |
| Deferred income tax asset | 2,457 | 2,048 |
| Other assets | 54 | 58 |
| | | |
| Total assets | \$33 , 202 | \$35 , 788 |
| | | |
| Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity | | |
| Current liabilities: | | |
| Short-term debt | \$ 1 , 577 | \$ 1 , 925 |
| Current portion of long-term debt | 45 | 44 |
| Accounts payable | 2,545 | 3,230 |
| Accrued compensation | 3,240 | 3,866 |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities | 1,331 | 1,562 |
| Customer deposits | 2,357 | 2,128 |
| Total current liabilities | 11 005 | 12,755 |
| local current liabilities | 11,095 | 12,755 |
| Long-term debt | 82 | 93 |
| Accrued compensation | 232 | 239 |
| Deferred income tax liability | 76 | 77 |
| - | | |

| Dereffed income car fiability | 70 | 11 |
|---------------------------------|--------|--------|
| Other long-term liabilities | 45 | 61 |
| Accrued pension liability | 2,222 | 1,873 |
| Accrued postretirement benefits | 2,507 | 2,540 |
| | | |
| Total liabilities | 16,259 | 17,638 |
| | | |
| | | |

</Table>

GRAHAM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (CONCLUDED)

(UNAUDITED)

<Table> <Caption>

| <s></s> |
|----------------------------------|
| Shareholders' equity: |
| Preferred stock, \$1 par value - |
| Authorized, 500,000 shares |
| Common stock, \$.10 par value - |

| June 30, | March 31, |
|----------|-----------|
| 2004 | 2004 |
| | |
| <c></c> | <c></c> |

| Authorized, 6,000,000 shares Issued, 1,757,450 shares at June 30 and | | |
|---|----------|----------|
| March 31, 2004 | 176 | 176 |
| Capital in excess of par value | 5,097 | 5,097 |
| Retained earnings | 16,189 | 17,370 |
| Accumulated other comprehensive loss | | |
| Minimum pension liability adjustment | (1, 456) | (1,456) |
| Cumulative foreign currency translation | | |
| adjustment | (1, 486) | (1,452) |
| 5 | | |
| | 18,520 | 19,735 |
| Less: | | , |
| Treasury stock (99,123 shares at June | | |
| 30 and March 31, 2004) | (1, 385) | (1,385) |
| Notes receivable from officers and | | |
| directors | (192) | (200) |
| | | |
| Total shareholders' equity | 16,943 | 18,150 |
| 1 1 | | |
| Total liabilities and shareholders' | | |
| equity | \$33,202 | \$35,788 |
| - 1 2 | ====== | ======= |
| | | |

</TABLE>

GRAHAM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND RETAINED EARNINGS

(Unaudited)

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

| | Three Mon ended June 2004 | e 30, |
|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <s> Net Sales</s> | <c> \$ 9,397</c> | <c> \$ 8,435</c> |
| Cost and expenses: Cost of products sold Selling, general and administrative Interest expense Other income | 8,548 2,481 25 | 7,440 2,407 37 (522) |
| Total costs and expenses | 11,054 | 9,362 |
| Loss before benefit for income taxes Benefit for income taxes | (1,657) (559) | (927) (269) |
| Net loss | (1,098) | (658) |
| Retained earnings at beginning of period Dividends | 17,370 (83) | 18,767 (82) |
| Retained earnings at end of period | \$16,189 ====== | \$18,027 ====== |

Per Share Data: Basic:

| Net loss | \$(.66) | \$(.40) ===== |
|----------------------|---------|------------------|
| Diluted: Net loss | \$(.66) | \$(.40) |

</Table>

GRAHAM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(Unaudited)

<Table> <Caption>

| | Three Months End 2004 | ed June 30, 2003 |
|---|--------------------------|---------------------|
| <s></s> | <c></c> | <c></c> |
| Operating activities: | | |
| Net loss | \$ (1,098) | \$ (658) |
| Adjustments to reconcile net loss to net cash provided (used) by operating activities | | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 250 | 261 |
| Discount accretion on investments (Increase) Decrease in operating assets: | (10) | (21) |
| Accounts receivable | 2,683 | 1,399 |
| Inventory, net of customer deposits | 425 | 737 |
| Prepaid expenses and other current and non- | | |
| current assets | (145) | (293) |
| Increase (Decrease) in operating liabilities Accounts payable, accrued compensation, accrued expenses and other current and | : | |
| non-current liabilities | (1,108) | (3,095) |
| Non current accrued compensation, accrued pension liability, and | | |
| accrued postemployment benefits | (126) | (336) |
| Domestic and foreign income taxes | 28 | 61 |
| Deferred income taxes | (590) | (129) |
| Total adjustments | 1,407 | (1,416) |
| Net cash provided (used) by operating activities | 309 | (2,974) |
| | | |

</TABLE>

GRAHAM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONCLUDED)

(UNAUDITED)

| <\$> | <c></c> | <c></c> |
|---|--------------|------------------|
| Investing activities: Purchase of property, plant and equipment Collection of notes receivable from | (65) | (58) |
| officers and directors Purchase of investments | 8 (2,692) | 14 (1,500) |
| Redemption of investments at maturity | 3,503 | 3,500 |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | 754 | 1,956 |
| Financing activities: | | |
| (Decrease) Increase in short-term debt, net Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt | (327) | 209 5,350 |
| Principal repayments on long-term debt Issuance of common stock | (10) | (5,376) 57 |
| Dividends paid | (83) | |
| Acquisition of treasury stock | | (20) |
| Net cash (used) provided by financing activities | (420) | 220 |
| activities | (420) | |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash | | (1) |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | 643 | 101 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period | 467 | 217 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of period | \$1,110 | \$ 318 ====== |

</TABLE>

GRAHAM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2004

NOTE 1 - INVENTORIES

Major classifications of inventories are as follows: <TABLE> <CAPTION>

| | June 30, | March 31, |
|----------------------------|------------------|-------------------|
| | 2004 | 2004 |
| | | |
| <s></s> | <c></c> | <c></c> |
| Raw materials and supplies | \$1 , 757 | \$ 1 , 745 |
| Work in process | 5,455 | 6,200 |
| Finished products | 2,450 | 2,500 |
| | | |
| | 9,662 | 10,445 |
| Less – progress payments | 2,739 | 3,309 |
| - inventory reserve | 131 | 121 |
| | \$6,792 | \$ 7,015 |
| | ====== | |

</TABLE>

NOTE 2 -STOCK-BASED COMPENSATION

accordance with SFAS No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation". As permitted by SFAS No. 123, the Company continues to measure compensation for such plans using the intrinsic value based method of accounting, prescribed by Accounting Principles Board (APB), Opinion No. 25, "Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees". Accordingly, compensation cost for stock options is measured as the excess, if any, of the quoted market price of the Company's stock at the date of grant over the amount an employee must pay to acquire the stock. Compensation cost for share equivalent units is recorded based on the quoted market price of the Company's stock at the end of the period.

Under the intrinsic value method, no compensation expense has been recognized for the Company's stock option plans. Had compensation cost for the Company's stock option plans been determined based on the fair value at the grant date for awards under those plans in accordance with the optional methodology prescribed under SFAS No. 123, the Company's net loss and net loss per share would have been the pro forma amounts indicated below:

<TABLE>

<CAPTION>

| | | Three months ended June 30, | | | |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| | | 2004 | 2003 | | |
| <s></s> | | <c></c> | <c></c> | | |
| Net loss as reported Stock-based employed compensation cost net of related tax | | \$(1,098) | \$(658) | | |
| benefits | | | (11) | | |
| Pro forma net loss | | \$(1,098) ====== | \$(669) ===== | | |
| Basic loss per | | | | | |
| share | As reported Pro forma | \$(.66) \$(.66) | \$(.40) \$(.41) | | |
| Diluted loss per share | As reported Pro forma | \$(.66) \$(.66) | \$(.40) \$(.41) | | |
| | | | | | |

</TABLE>

For purposes of the disclosure above, the fair value of each option grant is estimated on the date of the grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. During the first quarter of fiscal year 2005, no options were granted. The following weighted-average assumptions were used for grants in fiscal year 2004:

| Expected life Volatility | 5 years 50.6% |
|-----------------------------|------------------|
| Risk-free interest | |
| rate | 2.25% |
| Dividend yield | 2.40% |

NOTE 3 - LOSS PER SHARE:

Basic loss per share is computed by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding for the period. Common shares outstanding include share equivalent units, which are contingently issuable shares. Diluted loss per share is calculated by dividing net loss by the weighted average number of common and, when applicable, potential common shares outstanding during the period. A reconciliation of the numerators and denominators of basic and diluted loss per share is presented below:

| | ended June 30, 2004 2003 | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|------------------|---------|------------------|
| <s> Basic loss per share Numerator:</s> | <c></c> | | <c></c> | |
| Net loss | \$ | (1,098) | \$ | (658) |
| Denominator: Weighted common shares outstanding Share equivalent units (SEUs) | 1,658,327 1,618,61 | | | 518,616 |
| outstanding | | 16,437 | | 16,155 |
| Weighted average shares and SEUs outstanding | | 674,764 | , | , |
| Basic loss per share | | \$(.66) ===== | | \$(.40) ===== |
| Diluted loss per share Numerator: Net loss | \$ | (1,098) | \$ | (658) |
| Denominator: Weighted average common and potential common shares outstanding | 1, | 674,764 | 1,6 | 534,771 |
| Diluted loss per share | | \$(.66) ===== | | \$(.40) ===== |

</TABLE>

All options to purchase shares of common stock at various exercise prices were excluded from the computation of diluted loss per share, as the effect would be antidilutive due to the net loss.

NOTE 4 - PRODUCT WARRANTY LIABILITY

The reconciliation of the changes in the product warranty liability is as follows: <TABLE> <CAPTION>

| | Three months | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|---------|--|
| | ended Ju | ıne 30, | |
| | 2004 200 | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| <s></s> | <c></c> | <c></c> | |
| Balance at beginning of period | \$242 | \$592 | |
| Expense for product warranties | 62 | 75 | |
| Product warranty claims paid | (38) | (281) | |
| | | | |
| Balance at end of period | \$266 | \$386 | |
| | ==== | ==== | |

</TABLE>

NOTE 5 - CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Interest paid was \$25 and \$31 for the three months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. In addition, income taxes refunded were \$10 and \$202 for the three months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

Non-cash activities during the three months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003 included dividends of \$83 and \$82, respectively, which were recorded but not paid. In addition, in the first quarter of fiscal year 2004, capital expenditures totaling \$11 were financed through the issuance of capital leases.

NOTE 6 - COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) INCOME

Total comprehensive loss was \$1,132 and \$523 for the three months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively. Other comprehensive income included foreign currency translation adjustments of \$(34) and \$135 for the quarters ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

The components of pension cost for the three months ended June 30 are as follows: <TABLE> <CAPTION>

| | 2004 | 2003 |
|---------------------------------|---------|---------|
| | | |
| <s></s> | <c></c> | <c></c> |
| Service cost | \$ 118 | \$ 110 |
| Interest cost | 244 | 221 |
| Expected return on assets | (226) | (181) |
| Amortization of: | | |
| Transition asset | (4) | (10) |
| Unrecognized prior service cost | 1 | 1 |
| Actuarial loss | 76 | 66 |
| | | |
| Net pension cost | \$ 209 | \$ 207 |
| | ===== | ===== |

</TABLE>

The Company made contributions of \$302 to the defined benefit pension plan in the first quarter of fiscal year 2005. The Company expects its contributions to the plan for the balance of 2005 to be approximately \$668.

The components of the postretirement benefit income for the three months ended June 30 are as follows: <TABLE> <CAPTION>

| | 2004 | 2003 |
|------------------------------------|---------|---------|
| | | |
| <s></s> | <c></c> | <c></c> |
| Service cost | \$ 0 | \$3 |
| Interest cost | 18 | 16 |
| Amortization of prior service cost | (41) | (31) |
| Amortization of actuarial loss | 6 | 2 |
| | | |
| Net postretirement benefit income | \$ (17) | \$ (10) |
| | ===== | |

</TABLE>

The Company paid benefits of \$15 relating to its postretirement benefit plan in the first quarter of fiscal year 2005. The Company expects to pay benefits of approximately \$141 for the balance of 2005.

NOTE 8 - OTHER INCOME

On February 4, 2003, the Company irrevocably terminated postretirement health care benefits for current U.S. employees. Benefits payable to retirees of record on April 1, 2003 remained unchanged. As a result of the plan change, a curtailment gain of \$522 was recognized. This gain is included in the caption "Other Income" in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Retained Earnings for the three months ended June 30, 2003.

NOTE 9 - SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company's business consists of two operating segments based upon geographic area. The United States segment designs and manufactures heat transfer and vacuum equipment and the operating segment located in the United Kingdom manufactures vacuum equipment. Operating segment information is presented below:

<TABLE> <CAPTION>

CAPIION>

| | Three months ended June 30, 2004 2003 | | | | |
|---|---|----------------------------|--|--|--|
| <s></s> | <c></c> | <c></c> | | | |
| Sales to external customers | | | | | |
| U.S. | \$ 7 , 762 | \$7,611 | | | |
| U.K. | 1,635 | 824 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Total | \$ 9,397 | \$8,435 | | | |
| | ====== | | | | |
| Intersegment sales U.S. U.K. Total | \$ 24 201 \$ 225 | \$ 28 341 \$ 369 | | | |
| Total | \$ 225 ====== | \$ 369 ===== | | | |
| Segment net loss | | | | | |
| U.S. | \$ (851) | \$ (512) | | | |
| U.K. | (307) | (298) | | | |
| Total | \$(1,158) | \$ (810) | | | |
| | ====== | | | | |

</TABLE>

The segment net loss above is reconciled to the consolidated totals as follows: <TABLE> <CAPTION> <S> <C> <C> Total segment net loss \$(1,158) \$ (810) Eliminations 60 152

\$(1,098)

\$ (658)

</TABLE>

Net loss

NOTE 10 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

On April 1, 2003, the Company acquired 30,800 shares of common stock previously issued under the Long-Term Stock Ownership Plan from two former officers. This transaction was accounted for as a purchase. The shares were redeemed at the original issue price of \$7.25, as compared to a market price at the time of the closing of \$7.55. This transaction resulted in a \$224 increase to treasury stock, a \$204 reduction in notes receivable from officers and directors and cash payments to former officers. The cash payments of \$20 approximate amounts previously paid on the notes.

NOTE 11 - CONTINGENCIES

In April 2004, the Company filed a complaint in the United States District Court for the Northern District of California alleging breach of contract by a customer. The subject contract has a value of \$5,286 and is protected with cancellation charges. In January 2002, the contract was suspended by the customer. The complaint contends that the contract is cancelled and the Company is entitled to cancellation charges in accordance with the contract. In June 2004, this customer filed a counterclaim seeking specific performance of the contract or money damages including, but not limited to, approximately \$1,700 for amounts previously paid under the contract, the difference between the contract price and the market price or replacement cost of the equipment that was to be supplied under contract, plus any and all incidental and consequential damages incurred by the customer due to the breach of contract.

In May 2004, the Company was named as a defendant in a litigation matter alleging personal injury from exposure to asbestos contained in the Company's product. The Company is a codefendant with numerous other defendants in this suit. The Company is defending this action and has consulted with counsel with respect to this proceeding. Counsel has advised that given the plaintiff's work history, his medical diagnosis and the effect of venue on the magnitude of damages, there is a potential for significant liability. However, the amount is not determinable.

From time to time, the Company is subject to legal proceedings arising in the ordinary course of business. The Company believes there is no other litigation pending against it that could have, individually or in the aggregate, a material adverse effect on its financial statements.

GRAHAM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS June 30, 2004

OVERVIEW

Graham Corporation consists of two operating segments as determined by geographic areas (USA: Graham Corporation, UK: Graham Vacuum and Heat Transfer Limited and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Graham Precision Pumps Limited).

Graham Corporation designs and builds vacuum and heat transfer equipment for the process industries throughout the world. The Company is a leader in vacuum technology. The principal markets for our equipment are the chemical, petrochemical, petroleum refining and electric power generating industries, including cogeneration and geothermal plants. Other markets served include metal refining, pulp and paper processing, shipbuilding, water heating, refrigeration, desalination, food processing, drug manufacturing, heating, ventilating and air conditioning.

Ejectors, liquid ring and dry vacuum pumps, condensers, heat exchangers and other products we sell, sold either as components or as complete systems, are used by our customers to produce synthetic fibers, chemicals, petroleum products (including gasoline), electric power, processed food (including canned, frozen and dairy products), pharmaceutical products, paper, steel, fertilizers and numerous other products used everyday by people throughout the world.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements contained in this document, including in this Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations that are not historical facts, constitute "Forward-Looking Statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forwardlooking statements, in general, predict, forecast, indicate or imply future results, performance or achievements and generally use words so indicative. The Company wishes to caution the reader that numerous important factors which involve risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to economic, competitive, governmental and technological factors affecting the Company's operations, markets, products, services and prices, and other factors discussed in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission, in the future, could affect the Company's actual results and could cause its actual consolidated results to differ materially from those expressed in any forward-looking statement made by, or on behalf of, the Company.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES, ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our consolidated financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP").

Critical accounting policies are defined as those that are reflective of significant judgments and uncertainties, and could potentially result in materially different results under different assumptions and conditions. Management has discussed each of these critical accounting policies and estimates with the Audit Committee of the Board of Directors.

Revenue Recognition - The Corporation recognizes revenue and all related costs on contracts with a duration in excess of three months and with revenue of at least \$1,000 and 500 pounds sterling, in the USA and UK operating segments, respectively, using the percentage-of-completion method. The percentage-of-completion method is determined by relating actual labor incurred to-date to management's estimate of total labor to be incurred on each contract. Contracts in progress are reviewed monthly, and sales and earnings are adjusted in current accounting periods based on revisions in the contract value and estimated costs at completion.

Revenue not accounted for using the percentage-of-completion method is accounted for on the completed contract method because of the large number of contracts and the fact that the effects of the use of such method do not vary materially from the use of the percentage-of-completion method. The Company recognizes revenue and all related costs on the completed contract method upon substantial completion or shipment to the customer. Substantial completion is consistently defined as at least 95% complete with regard to direct labor hours. Customer acceptance is generally required throughout the construction process and the Company has no further material obligations under the contract after the revenue is recognized.

Pension and Postretirement Benefits - The Company's defined benefit pension and other postretirement benefit costs and obligations are dependent on actuarial assumptions used in calculating such amounts. These assumptions, which are reviewed annually by the Company, include the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return on plan assets, salary growth, healthcare cost trend rate and other economic and demographic factors. The Company bases the discount rate assumption for its plans on the AA-rated corporate long-term bond yield rate. The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is based on the plan's asset allocation, historical returns and management's expectation as to future returns that are expected to be realized over the estimated remaining life of the plan liabilities that will be funded with the plan assets. The salary growth assumptions are determined based on the Company's long-term actual experience and future and near-term outlook. The healthcare cost trend rate assumptions are based on historical cost and payment data, the near-term outlook, and an assessment of the likely long-term trends.

To the extent that actual results differ from our assumptions, the differences are reflected as unrecognized gains and losses and are amortized to earnings over the estimated future service period of the plan participants to the extent such total net recognized gains and losses exceed 10% of the greater of the plan's projected benefit obligation or the market-related value of assets. Significant differences in actual experience or significant changes in future assumptions would affect the Company's pension and postretirement benefit costs and obligations.

Use of Estimates - The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, revenues and expenses and related disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at

the date of our financial statements. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions. Use of estimates include the recording of revenue, pension obligations, and the underlying assumptions and valuation reserves for uncollectible accounts, inventory obsolescence, deferred taxes, warranty and liquidated damages.

Results of Operations

For an understanding of the significant factors that influenced the Company's performance, the following discussion should be read in conjunction with the quarterly consolidated financial statements and the notes to consolidated financial statements. <TABLE>

<CAPTION>

| | Three Months Ended June 30, 2004 June 30, 2003 | | | | | |
|-------------------------|---|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|
| | | | | | | |
| <s></s> | <c></c> | <c></c> | <c></c> | <c></c> | | |
| | USA | UK | USA | UK | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Sales | \$ 7 , 786 | \$ 1 , 836 | \$ 7 , 639 | \$ 1 , 165 | | |
| Net Loss | \$ (851) | \$ (307) | \$ (512) | \$ (298) | | |
| Diluted Loss Per Share | \$ (0.51) | \$ (0.18) | \$ (0.31) | \$ (0.18) | | |
| Identifiable Assets | | | | | | |

 \$31,223 | \$ 5,827 | \$32,349 | \$ 6,104 |

Amounts above are inclusive of intercompany amounts.

Consolidated sales (net of intercompany sales) for the quarter were \$9,397, as compared to \$8,435 for the quarter ended June 30, 2003. This represents an 11% increase in sales. Sales in the USA were up 2% from one year ago. Sales from UK operations were up 58%. The increase in sales for the current quarter, compared to sales for the three months ended June 30, 2003, was a result of a significant increase in sales of vacuum pumps and pump systems.

The consolidated gross profit margin for the quarter was 9%, as compared to 12% for the quarter ended June 30, 2003. By segment, USA operation's gross profit decreased from 9% to 8% for the first quarter of FYE 2005 versus FYE 2004, and the UK's gross profit margin decreased from 8% to 7%. Consolidated gross profit margins differ from individual segment gross profit margins when sales between consolidating entities are recognized in consolidated results in different accounting periods from the dates of the intercompany sales, and the gross profit margins at the time of the intercompany sales differ from those realized on average for the reported periods.

Selling, General and Administrative (SG&A) expenses were 26% of sales for the current quarter, as compared to 29% for the quarter ended June 30, 2003. The decrease is due to greater sales in the current quarter.

Interest expense decreased from \$37 to \$25 primarily due to a decrease in average debt from \$944 during the quarter ended June 30, 2003 to \$132 for the current quarter in the USA. Partially offsetting the decrease in the USA was an increase in the UK, which is attributed to higher bank borrowings needed to finance work-in-process inventory.

Other income for the current quarter was \$0 compared to \$522 for the three months ended June 30, 2003. Other income recognized at June 30, 2003 represents a non-recurring curtailment gain resulting from the discontinuation of postretirement medical benefits.

The effective income tax rate for the quarter was 34%, as compared to 29% at June 30, 2003. The lower than statutory rate of 29% was based upon a forecasted annual taxable income for FYE 2004 and utilization of the extra territorial income exclusion benefit from foreign shipments.

The net loss for the quarter was \$1,098 or \$0.66 per diluted share. This compares to a net loss of \$658 or \$0.40 per diluted share at June 30, 2003.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

| | Three Months Ended | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|----------------|---------|-------|---------------|--------|-------------------------------|-------|
| | June 30, 2004 | | | | June 30, 2003 | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | <c></c> | | <c></c> | | <c></c> | | <c< td=""><td>:></td></c<> | :> |
| | | USA | UK | | U | SA | U | IK |
| Working Capital | \$ | 9,129 | \$ 1 | 1,762 | \$1 | 0,661 | \$ | 1,653 |
| Cash (Deficit) Flow from | | | | | | | | |
| Operations | \$ | (56) | \$ | 365 | \$ (| 1,865) | \$ | 208 |
| Cash and Investments | \$ | 5 , 577 | \$ | 28 | \$ | 4,767 | \$ | 18 |
| Capital Expenditures | \$ | 27 | \$ | 37 | \$ | 41 | \$ | 17 |
| Long-Term Bank Borrowings | \$ | 0 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 0 |
| Capital Leases | \$ | 127 | \$ | 0 | \$ | 179 | \$ | 13 |
| Working Capital Ratio(1) | | 2.1 | | 1.6 | | 2.3 | | 1.5 |
| Long-Term Debt/Equity(1) | | 0.5% | | 0.0% | | 0.7% | | 0.0% |
| | | | | | | | | |

 | | | | | | | |(1)As of June 30

Consolidated cash flow from operations was positive \$309 for the current quarter compared to negative cash flow from operations of \$2,074 for the quarter ended June 30, 2003. The swing in cash flow from negative to positive was achieved through a decrease in working capital.

The Company expects to consume cash in excess of amounts generated from operations over the next several months to cover operating losses and fund a build-up of work-in-process inventory for increased shipments in future quarters.

The primary source of liquidity is cash flow from operations, investments in short-term treasury bills and secured credit agreements.

Orders and Backlog

Orders for the current quarter were \$15,157, as compared to \$11,233 for the quarter ended June 30, 2003, representing a 35% increase and a 47% increase over the four quarter average of FYE 2004. Prior to intercompany elimination, orders in the USA were \$13,545 compared to \$10,353 in the quarter ended June 30, 2003. Orders in the UK were \$1,843 as compared to \$2,106 one year ago.

Backlog was \$27,844 at June 30, 2004, as compared to \$26,430 at June 30, 2003. Prior to intercompany eliminations, USA unfilled orders were \$25,045 and UK unfilled orders were \$3,160 at June 30, 2004. At June 30, 2003, USA and UK backlog amounts were \$25,696 and \$2,404, respectively. Included in the USA backlog figures at June 30, 2004 were \$5,484 in orders that may not be shipped in the next twelve months. All orders in backlog represent orders from traditional markets in the Company's established product lines.

In April 2004, Graham filed a complaint for breach of contract in the United States District Court, asking the Court to find a contract, valued at \$5,144 and included in the \$5,484 noted above, cancelled and award cancellation fees as specified in the contract.

Market Risk (Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures)

The principal market risks (i.e., the risk of loss arising from changes in market rates and prices) to which Graham is exposed are:

interest rates
foreign exchange rates
equity price risk
material availability and price risk

The assumptions applied in preparing quantitative disclosures regarding interest rate, foreign exchange rate and equity price risk are based upon volatility ranges experienced in relevant historical periods, management's current knowledge of the business and market place, and management's judgment of the probability of future volatility based upon the historical trends and economic conditions of the business.

The Company is exposed to interest rate risk primarily through its borrowing activities. Management's strategy for managing risks associated with interest rate fluctuations is to hold interest-bearing debt to the absolute minimum and carefully assess the risks and rewards for incurring long-term debt. Based upon variable rate debt outstanding at the quarter ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, a 1% change in interest rates would impact annual interest expense by \$16 and \$18, respectively.

Graham's international consolidated sales for the past three years approximates 43%. Operating in world markets involves exposure to movements in currency exchange rates. Currency movements can affect sales in several ways, the foremost being the ability to competitively compete for orders against competition having a relatively weaker currency. Business lost due to this cannot be quantified. Secondly, cash can be adversely impacted by the conversion of sales in foreign currency to U.S. dollars. The substantial portion of Graham's sales is collected in the local currency (USA - dollars; UK - pounds sterling). For the guarters ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, sales in foreign currencies were 5% and 2% of sales, respectively. At certain times, the Company may enter into forward foreign exchange agreements to hedge its exposure against unfavorable changes in foreign currency values on significant sales contracts negotiated in foreign currencies.

Graham has limited exposure to foreign currency purchases. For the quarters ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, purchases in foreign currencies were 6% and 7%, of cost of goods sold, respectively. At certain times, forward foreign exchange contracts may be utilized to limit currency exposure.

UK operations experienced a current quarter net loss of \$307 as compared to a quarterly net loss of \$298 for June 30, 2003. As currency exchange rates change, translations of the income statements of the UK business into US dollars affect year-overyear comparability of operating results. The increase in the foreign currency translation rate to convert pounds sterling to US dollars increased all UK income statement items and order amounts by 12% and all UK balance sheet and backlog amounts by 10% for the quarter ended June 30, 2004 over 2003. The Company does not hedge translation risks because cash flows from UK operations are mostly reinvested in the UK. A 10% change in foreign exchange rates would have impacted the UK reported net loss by approximately \$31 and \$30 for the three months ended June 30, 2004 and 2003, respectively.

The Company has a Long-Term Incentive Plan, which provides for awards of share equivalent units (SEUs) for outside directors based upon the Company's performance. The outstanding SEUs are recorded at fair market value thereby exposing the Company to equity price risk. Gains and losses recognized due to market price changes are included in the Company's results of operations. Based upon the SEUs outstanding at June 30, 2004 and 2003 and a \$12 per share price, a 50-75% change in the respective year end market price of the Company's common stock would positively or negatively impact the Company's operating results by \$100 to \$151 for the June 30, 2004 quarter and \$99 to \$148 for the three months ended June 30, 2003. Assuming required net income of \$500 is met, and based upon a market price of the Company's stock of \$12 per share, a 50-75% change in the stock price would positively or negatively impact the Company's operating results by \$158 to \$237 in 2006, \$177 to \$265 in 2007, \$191 to \$286 in 2008, \$205 to \$307 in 2009 and \$208 to \$312 in 2010.

The risks associated with materials include availability and price increases. Material shortages have affected the Company's ability to meet delivery requirements for certain orders. The Company has identified alternative vendors in such cases and seeks to negotiate escalation provisions in its contracts in the event that costs of materials increase. GRAHAM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES FORM 10-Q JUNE 30, 2004 PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

- Item 4. Controls and Procedures
 - 1 The Company's President and Chief Executive Officer and its Vice President-Finance and Chief Financial Officer each have independently evaluated the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-14(c) and 15d-14(c) as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report on Form 10-Q and each regards such controls as effective.

There have been no significant changes to any such controls or in other factors that could significantly affect such controls, subsequent to the date of their evaluation by each of the CEO and the CFO.

- Item 5. Other Information
 - a. The Company's chief executive officer and chief financial officer have furnished to the SEC the certification with respect to this Form 10-Q that is required by Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
- Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K
 - a. See index to exhibits.
 - b. A Form 8-K was filed on June 17, 2004 and included Items 7 and 12. No financial statements were required to be filed as part of the report.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

GRAHAM CORPORATION

/s/ J. Ronald Hansen J. Ronald Hansen Vice President Finance and Administration / CFO (Principal Accounting Officer) (2) Plan of acquisition, reorganization, arrangement, liquidation or succession

Not applicable.

- (3) (i) Articles of Incorporation of Graham Corporation (filed as Exhibit 3(b) to the Registrant's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1989, and incorporated herein by reference.)
- (3) (ii) By-laws of Registrant, as amended
- (4) Instruments defining the rights of security holders, including indentures
 - (a) Equity securities

The instruments defining the rights of the holders of Registrant's equity securities are as follows:

Certificate of Incorporation, as amended of Registrant (filed as Exhibit 3(a) to the Registrant's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1989, and incorporated herein by reference.)

Stockholder Rights Plan of Graham Corporation (filed as Item 5 to Registrant's current report filed on Form 8-K on August 23, 2000 and Registrant's Form 8-A filed on September 15, 2000, and incorporated herein by reference).

(b) Debt securities

Not applicable.

(10) Material Contracts

1989 Stock Option and Appreciation Rights Plan of Graham Corporation (filed on the Registrant's Proxy Statement for its 1990 Annual Meeting of Stockholders and incorporated herein by reference.)

1995 Graham Corporation Incentive Plan to Increase Shareholder Value (filed on the Registrant's Proxy Statement for its 1996 Annual Meeting of Stockholders and incorporated herein by reference.)

Graham Corporation Outside Directors' Long-Term Incentive Plan (filed as Exhibit 10.3 to the Registrant's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1998, and is incorporated herein by reference.)

Index to Exhibits (cont.)

2000 Graham Corporation Incentive Plan to Increase Shareholder Value (filed on the Registrant's Proxy Statement for its 2001 Annual Meeting of Stockholders and incorporated herein by reference).

Employment Contracts between Graham Corporation and Named Executive Officers (filed as Exhibit 10.4 to the Registrant's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1998, and is incorporated herein by reference.)

Senior Executive Severance Agreements with Named Executive Officers (filed as Exhibit 10.5 to the Registrant's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1998, and is incorporated herein by reference.)

Long-Term Stock Ownership Plan of Graham Corporation (filed on the Registrant's Proxy Statement for its 2000 Annual Meeting of Stockholders and incorporated herein by reference.)

(11) Statement re-computation of per share earnings

Computation of per share earnings is included in Note 3

of the Notes to Financial Information.

(14) Code of Ethics

Not applicable.

(15) Letter re-unaudited interim financial information

Not applicable.

(18) Letter re-change in accounting principles

Not Applicable.

(19) Report furnished to security holders

None.

(22) Published report regarding matters submitted to vote of security holders

None.

(23) Consents of experts and counsel

Not applicable.

(24) Power of Attorney

Not applicable.

- (31) Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certifications Index to Exhibits (cont.)
- (32) Section 1350 Certifications
- (99) Additional exhibits

BY-LAWS OF GRAHAM CORPORATION1 (a Delaware Corporation)

ARTICLE 1

DEFINITIONS

As used in these By-Laws, unless the context otherwise requires, the term:

1.1 "Board" means the board of directors of the Corporation.

1.2 "By-laws" means these by-laws of the Corporation, as amended from time to time.

1.3 "Certificate of Incorporation" means the original certificate of incorporation of the Corporation filed on March 7, 1983 to form the Corporation, as amended, supplemented or restated by certificates of amendment, merger or consolidation or other certificates or instruments filed or issued under any statute from time to time after the aforesaid date of filing of such original certificate.

1.4 "Corporation" means GRAHAM CORPORATION.

1.5 "Directors" means the directors of the Corporation.

1.6 "Principal Office of the Corporation" means the principal office of the Corporation located at 20 Florence Avenue, Batavia, New York 14020.

1.7 "Plurality Vote" means the greater number of votes cast for one nominee for an office than the votes cast for any other nominee for the same office.

1.8 "Shareholders" means the shareholders of the Corporation. ARTICLE 2

OFFICES

2.1 Principal Office. In addition to the principal office, the Corporation may have offices and places of business at such other places, within or without the State of Delaware, as the Board may from time to time determine.

ARTICLE 3

SHAREHOLDERS

3.1 Place of Meetings. Every meeting of the shareholders shall be held at the principal office of the Corporation or at such other place within or without the State of Delaware as may be fixed from time to time, by the Board, which place shall be specified in the notice or waiver of notice thereof.

3.2 Annual Meeting for Election of Directors. The annual meeting of shareholders for the election of directors and the transaction of other business shall be held on the first Wednesday in May of each year at 12 o'clock noon (or at such other hour as may be designated in the notice of meeting), or, if the foregoing date falls on a legal holiday, on the first business day thereafter which is not a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, unless a different date and time be fixed, from time to time, by the Board.

3.3 Special Meetings. A special meeting of shareholders unless otherwise prescribed by statute, may be called at any time by the Chairman of the Board or the President or in the absence or disability of the Chairman of the Board and the President a meeting of shareholders may be called by the Secretary, and shall be called by the Secretary on the written request of at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the Directors, which written request shall state the purpose or purposes of such meeting. At a special meeting of shareholders, no business shall be transacted and no corporate action shall be taken other than that stated in the notice of meeting.

3.4 Fixing Record Date. For the purpose of determining the shareholders entitled to notice of or to vote at any meeting of shareholders or any adjournment thereof, or to express consent to

or dissent from any proposal without a meeting, or for the purpose of determining shareholders entitled to receive payment of any dividend or the allotment of any rights, or entitled to exercise any rights in respect of any change, conversion or exchange of stock, or for the purpose of any other lawful action, the Board may fix, in advance, a date as the record date for any such determination of shareholders. Such date shall not be more than sixty (60) nor less than ten (10) days before the date of such meeting nor more than sixty (60) days prior to any other action. If no record date is fixed: (i) the record date for the determination of shareholders entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of shareholders shall be at the close of business on the day next preceding the day on which notice is given, or, if notice is waived, at the close of business on the day next preceding the day on which the meeting is held; (ii) the record date for determining stockholders entitled to express consent to corporate action in writing without a meeting, when no prior action by the board of directors is necessary, shall be the day on which the first written consent is expressed; and (iii) the record date for determining shareholders for any purpose, other than those specified in clauses (i) and (ii) hereof, shall be at the close of business on the day on which the resolution of the Board relating thereto is adopted. When a determination has been made of shareholders entitled to notice of or to vote at a meeting of shareholders as herein provided, such determination shall apply to any adjournment of such meeting, unless the Board fixes a new record date for the adjourned meeting.

3.5 Notice of Meetings of Shareholders. Whenever under any provision of law or the Certificate of Incorporation or these By-Laws, shareholders are required or permitted to take any action at a meeting, the notice of that meeting shall state the place, date and hour of the meeting and unless it is the annual meeting, indicate that it is being issued by or at the direction of the person or persons calling the meeting. Notice of a special meeting shall also state the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called. Notice of any annual or special meeting of shareholders shall be given, personally or by mail, not less than ten (10) nor more than sixty (60) days before the date of such meeting to each shareholder entitled to vote thereat. If mailed, such notices shall be deemed to be given when deposited in the United States Mail, with postage thereon prepaid, directed to the shareholder at his address as it appears on the record of shareholders, or, if he shall have filed with the Secretary of the Corporation a written request that notice to him be mailed to some other address, then directed to him at such other address. An affidavit of the Secretary or of the transfer agent of the Corporation that the notice required by this section has been given shall, in the absence of fraud, be prima facie evidence of the facts therein stated. When a meeting is adjourned to another time or place, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of the adjourned meeting if the time and place to which the meeting is adjourned is announced at the meeting at which the adjournment is taken, and at the adjourned meeting any business may be transacted that might have been transacted on the original date of the meeting. However, if the adjournment is for more than thirty (30) days or if, after the adjournment, the Board fixes a new record date for the adjourned meeting, a notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given to each shareholder of record who is entitled to vote at the meeting.

3.6 Waiver of Notice. Notice of meeting need not be given to any shareholder who signs a waiver of notice, whether before or after the meeting. The attendance of any shareholder at a meeting, in person or by proxy, shall constitute a waiver of notice by him, except when the person attends the meeting for the express purpose of objecting, at the beginning of the meeting, to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened.

List of Shareholders at Meetings. The officer who has 37 charge of the stock ledger of the corporation shall prepare and make, at least ten days before every meeting of stockholders, a complete list of the stockholders entitled to vote at the meeting, arranged in alphabetical order, and showing the address of each stockholder and the number of shares registered in the name of each stockholder. Such list shall be open to the examination of any stockholder, for any purpose germane to the meeting, during ordinary business hours, for a period of at least ten days prior to the meeting, either at a place within the city where the meeting is to be held, which place shall be specified in the notice of the meeting, or, if not so specified, at the place where the meeting is to be held. The list shall also be produced and kept at the time and place of the meeting during the whole time thereof, and may be inspected by any stockholder who

is present.

3.8 Quorum of Shareholders. Except as otherwise provided in these By-Laws or in the Certificate of Incorporation, the holders of record of a majority of the shares entitled to vote thereat shall constitute a quorum at a meeting of shareholders for the transaction of any business, provided that when a specified item of business is required to be voted on by a class or series, voting as a class, the holders of a majority of the shares of such class or series shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of such specified item of business. When a quorum is once present to organize a meeting, it is not broken by the subsequent withdrawal of any shareholder. The shareholders present may adjourn the meeting despite the absence of a quorum.

3.9 Organization. At every meeting of the shareholders, the Chairman of the Board, or an individual appointed by him, who may be, but does not have to be, an officer of the Corporation, shall act as Chairman of the meeting. The Secretary of the Corporation, or in his absence one of the Assistant Secretaries of the Corporation, shall act as Secretary of the meeting.

3.10 Order of Business. The Chairman of the meeting shall conduct all meetings of the shareholders in accordance with the best interests of the Corporation. The order of business at all such meetings shall be as determined by the Chairman of the meeting. The Chairman of the meeting shall have the authority and discretion to establish reasonable procedural rules for the conduct of the meeting, including regulation of the manner of voting and the conduct of discussion as he or she shall deem appropriate. The Chairman of the meeting shall also have the authority to adjourn the meeting from time to time and place to place as he or she may deem necessary and in the best interests of the Corporation.

3.11 Inspectors of Election. The Board, in advance of any shareholders' meeting, may appoint one or more inspectors to act at the meeting or any adjournment thereof. If inspectors are not so appointed, the person presiding at a shareholders' meeting may, and on the request of any shareholder entitled to vote thereat shall, appoint inspectors. If appointed on the request of one or more shareholders, the holders of a majority of shares present and entitled to vote thereat shall determine the number of inspectors to be appointed. In case any person appointed fails to appear or act, the vacancy may be filled by appointment made by the Board in advance of the meeting or at the meeting by the person presiding thereat. Each inspector, before entering upon the discharge of his duties shall take and sign an oath faithfully to execute the duties of inspector at such meeting with strict impartiality and according to the best of his ability. The inspectors shall determine the number of shares outstanding, the number of shares represented at the meeting, the existence of a quorum, the validity and effect of proxies, and shall receive votes, ballots or consents, hear and determine all challenges and questions arising in connection with the right to vote, count and tabulate all votes, ballots or consents, determine the result, and do such acts as are proper to conduct the election or vote with fairness to all shareholders. On request of the person presiding at the meeting or any shareholder entitled to vote thereat, the inspectors shall make a report in writing of any challenge, question or matter determined by them and execute a certificate of any fact found by them. Any report or certificate made by them shall be prima facie evidence of the facts stated and of the vote as certified by them.

3.12 Voting; Proxies. Each shareholder entitled to vote at any meeting may vote either in person or by proxy. Unless otherwise specified in the Certificate of Incorporation or in a resolution, or resolutions, of the Board providing for the issuance of preferred stock, each shareholder entitled to vote shall be entitled to one vote for each share of capital stock registered in his or her name on the transfer books or records of the Corporation. Each shareholder entitled to vote may authorize another person or persons to act for him or her by proxy. All proxies shall be in writing, signed by the shareholder or by his or her duly authorized attorney-in-fact, and shall be filed with the Secretary before being voted. No proxy shall be valid after three (3) years from the date of its execution unless otherwise provided in the proxy. The attendance at any meeting by a shareholder who shall have previously given a proxy applicable thereto shall not, as such, have the effect of revoking the proxy. The Corporation may treat any duly executed proxy as not revoked and in full force and effect until it receives a duly executed instrument revoking it, or a duly executed proxy bearing a later date. If ownership of a share of voting stock of the

Corporation stands in the name of two or more persons, in the absence of written directions to the Corporation to the contrary, any one or more of such shareholders may cast all votes to which such ownership is entitled. If an attempt is made to cast conflicting votes by the several persons in whose names shares of stock stand, the vote or votes to which those persons are entitled shall be cast as directed by a majority of those holding such stock and present at such meeting. If such conflicting votes are evenly split on any particular matter, each faction may vote the securities in question proportionally, or any person voting the shares, or a beneficiary, if any, may apply to the Court of Chancery or such other court as may have jurisdiction to appoint an additional person to act with the persons so voting the shares, which shall then be voted as determined by a majority of such persons and the person appointed by the Court. Except for the election of directors or as otherwise provided by law, the Certificate of Incorporation or these Bylaws, at all meetings of shareholders, all matters shall be determined by a vote of the holders of a majority of the number of votes eligible to be cast by the holders of the outstanding shares of capital stock of the Corporation present and entitled to vote thereat. Directors shall, except as otherwise required by law, these Bylaws or the Certificate of Incorporation, be elected by a plurality of the votes cast by each class of shares entitled to vote at a meeting of shareholders, present and entitled to vote in the election.

3.13 Written Consent of Shareholders. Any action required to be taken at any annual or special meeting of shareholders of the corporation, or any action which may be taken at any annual or special meeting of such shareholders, may be taken without a meeting, without prior notice and without a vote, if a consent in writing, setting forth the action so taken, shall be signed by the holders of outstanding stock having not less than the minimum number of votes that would be necessary to authorize or take such action at a meeting at which all shares entitled to vote thereon were present and voted. Prompt notice of the taking of the corporate action without a meeting by less than unanimous written consent shall be given to those shareholders who have not consented in writing.

3.14 Procedure for Nominations. Subject to the provisions hereof, the Nominating Committee of the Board shall select nominees for election as directors. Except in the case of a nominee substituted as a result of the death, incapacity, withdrawal or other inability to serve of a nominee, the Nominating Committee shall deliver written nominations to the Secretary at least sixty (60) days prior to the date of the annual meeting. Provided the Nominating Committee makes such nominations, no nominations for directors except those made by the Nominating Committee shall be voted upon at the annual meeting of shareholders unless other nominations by shareholders are made in accordance with the provisions of this Section 3.14. Nominations of individuals for election to the Board at an annual meeting of shareholders may be made by any shareholder of record of the Corporation entitled to vote for the election of directors at such meeting who provides timely notice in writing to the Secretary as set forth in this Section 3.14. To be timely, a shareholder's notice must be delivered to or received by the Secretary not later than the following dates: (i) with respect to an election of directors to be held at an annual meeting of shareholders, sixty (60) days in advance of such meeting if such meeting is to be held on a day which is within thirty (30) days preceding the anniversary of the previous year's annual meeting, or ninety (90) days in advance of such meeting if such meeting is to be held on or after the anniversary of the previous year's annual meeting; and (ii) with respect to an election to be held at an annual meeting of shareholders held at a time other than within the time periods set forth in the immediately preceding clause (i), or at a special meeting of shareholders for the election of directors, the close of business on the tenth (10th) day following the date on which notice of such meeting is first given to shareholders. For purposes of this Section 3.14, notice shall be deemed to first be given to shareholders when disclosure of such date of the meeting of shareholders is first made in a press release reported to Dow Jones News Services, Associated Press or comparable national news service, or in a document publicly filed by the Corporation with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Section 13, 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Such shareholder's notice shall set forth (a) as to each person whom the shareholder proposes to nominate for election or re-election as a director, (i) the name, age, business address and residence address of such person, (ii) the principal occupation or employment of such (iii) such person's written consent to serve as a person, director, if elected, and (iv) such other information regarding

each nominee proposed by such shareholder as would be required to be included in a proxy statement filed pursuant to the proxy rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (whether or not the Corporation is then subject to such rules); and (b) as to the shareholder giving the notice (i) the name and address of such shareholder as they appear on the books and records of the Corporation, (ii) the class and number of shares of the Corporation which are owned of record by such shareholder and the dates upon which he or she acquired such shares, (iii) a description of all arrangements or understandings between the shareholder and nominee and any other person or persons (naming such person or persons) pursuant to which the nominations are to be made by the shareholder, and (iv) the identification of any person employed, retained, or to be compensated by the shareholder submitting the nomination or by the person nominated, or any person acting on his or her behalf to make solicitations or recommendations to shareholders for the purpose of assisting in the election of such director, and a brief description of the terms of such employment, retainer or arrangement for compensation. At the request of the Board, any person nominated by the Nominating Committee for election as a director shall furnish to the Secretary that information required to be set forth in a shareholder's notice of nomination which pertains to the nominee together with the required written consent. No person shall be elected as a director of the Corporation unless nominated in accordance with the procedures set forth in this Section 3.14.

The Chairman of the meeting shall, if the facts warrant, determine and declare to the meeting that a nomination was not properly brought before the meeting in accordance with the provisions hereof and, if he should so determine, he shall declare to the meeting that such nomination was not properly brought before the meeting and shall not be considered.

3.15 Substitution of Nominees. In the event that a person is validly designated as a nominee in accordance with Section 3.14 of this Article III and shall thereafter become unwilling or unable to stand for election to the Board, the Nominating Committee may designate a substitute nominee upon delivery, not fewer than five (5) days prior to the date of the meeting for the election of such nominee, of a written notice to the Secretary setting forth such information regarding such substitute nominee as would have been required to be delivered to the Secretary pursuant to Section 3.14 of this Article III had such substitute nominee been initially proposed as a nominee. Such notice shall include a signed consent to serve as a director of the Corporation, if elected, of each such substituted nominee.

3.16 New Business. Any new business to be taken up at the annual meeting at the request of the Chairman of the Board, the President or by resolution of at least three-fourths of the entire Board shall be stated in writing and filed with the Secretary at least fifteen (15) days before the date of the annual meeting, and all business so stated, proposed and filed shall be considered at the annual meeting, but, except as provided in this Section 3.16, no other proposal shall be acted upon at the annual meeting. Any proposal offered by any shareholder may be made at the annual meeting and the same may be discussed and considered, but unless properly brought before the meeting such proposal shall not be acted upon at the meeting. For a proposal to be properly brought before an annual meeting by a shareholder, the shareholder must be a shareholder of record and have given timely notice thereof in writing to the Secretary. To be timely, a shareholder's notice must be delivered to or re ceived by the Secretary not later than the following dates: (i) with respect to an annual meeting of shareholders, sixty (60) days in advance of such meeting if such meeting is to be held on a day which is within thirty (30) days preceding the anniversary of the previous year's annual meeting, or ninety (90) days in advance of such meeting if such meeting is to be held on or after the anniversary of the previous year's annual meeting; and (ii) with respect to an annual meeting of shareholders held at a time other than within the time periods set forth in the immediately preceding clause (i), the close of business on the tenth (10th) day following the date on which notice of such meeting is first given to shareholders. For purposes of this Section 3.16, notice shall be deemed to first be given to shareholders when disclosure of such date of the meeting of shareholders is first made in a press release reported to Dow Jones News Services, Associated Press or comparable national news service, or in a document publicly filed by the Corporation with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Section 13, 14 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. A shareholder's notice to the Secretary shall set forth as to the matter the

shareholder proposes to bring before the annual meeting (a) a brief description of the proposal desired to be brought before the annual meeting; (b) the name and address of the shareholder proposing such business as they appear on the books and records of the Corporation; (c) the class and number of shares of the Corporation which are owned of record by the shareholder and the dates upon which he or she acquired such shares; (d) the identification of any person employed, retained, or to be compensated by the shareholder submitting the proposal, or any person acting on his or her behalf, to make solicitations or recommendations to shareholders for the purpose of assisting in the passage of such proposal, and a brief description of the terms of such employment, retainer or arrangement for compensation; (e) any material interest of the shareholder in the business proposed; and (f) such other information regarding such proposal as would be required to be included in a proxy statement filed pursuant to the proxy rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission or required to be delivered to the Corporation pursuant to the proxy rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission (whether or not the Corporation is then subject to such rules). This provision shall not prevent the consideration and approval or disapproval at an annual meeting of reports of officers, directors and committees of the Board or the management of the Corporation, but in connection with such reports, no new business shall be acted upon at such annual meeting unless stated and filed as herein provided. This provision shall not constitute a waiver of any right of the Corporation under the proxy rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission or any other rule or regulation to omit a shareholder's proposal from the Corporation's proxy materials.

The Chairman of the meeting shall, if the facts warrant, determine and declare to the meeting that any new business was not properly brought before the meeting in accordance with the provisions hereof and, if he should so determine, he shall declare to the meeting that such new business was not properly brought before the meeting and shall not be considered.

ARTICLE 4

DIRECTORS

4.1 General Powers. The business and affairs of the Corporation shall be managed by or under the direction of its Board. The Board may adopt such rules and regulations, not inconsistent with applicable laws or the Certificate of Incorporation or these By-Laws as it may deem proper for the conduct of its meetings and the management of the Corporation.

4.2 Number; Qualification; Terms of Office. The number of directors constituting the entire Board shall not be less than three (3) nor more than twelve (12). Within said limits the number of directors shall be fixed from time to time by resolution adopted by a majority of the entire Board of Directors. Each director shall be at least 21 years of age and no director joining the Board after October 30, 2002 shall serve beyond his or her seventy-fifth birthday; provided, however, that any person serving on the Board on October 30, 2002 shall be eligible for reelection to consecutive additional terms as a director beyond attaining the age of seventy-five.

Except as otherwise provided by law or by these By-Laws the directors shall be elected at the annual meeting of the shareholders in each year. The directors shall be divided into three classes, as nearly equal in number as possible, with the term of office of one class expiring each year; i.e., as to the Corporation's First Board of Directors; at the 1983 annual meeting of shareholders, for directors of the first class; at the 1984 annual meeting, for directors of the second class; and at the 1985 annual meeting, for directors of the third class.

At each annual meeting of the shareholders successors to the directors whose terms shall then expire shall be elected to hold office for a term expiring at the third succeeding annual meeting of shareholders.

The foregoing notwithstanding, each director shall serve until his successor has been elected and qualified, or until his earlier resignation, disqualification or removal.

4.3 Election. Directors shall, except as otherwise provided by applicable laws, be elected at the annual meeting of shareholders by a plurality vote of the holders of shares entitled to vote in the election.

4.4 Organization. Meetings of the Board shall be presided over by the Chairman of the Board or such other director or officer as the Chairman of the Board shall designate, and in the absence or incapacity of the Chairman of the Board, the presiding officer shall be the then senior member of the Board in terms of length of service on the Board (which length of service shall include length of service on the Board of Directors of Graham Manufacturing Co., Inc. and any predecessors thereto). The Secretary or, in his absence, a person appointed by the Chairman of the Board (or other presiding person), shall act as secretary of the meeting. The Chairman of the Board (or other person presiding) shall conduct all meetings of the Board in accordance with the best interests of the Corporation and shall have the authority and discretion to establish reasonable procedural rules for the conduct of Board meetings. At the discretion of the Chairman of the Board, any one or more directors may participate in a meeting of the Board or a committee of the Board by means of conference telephone or similar communications equipment а allowing all persons participating in the meeting to hear each other at the same time. Participation by such means shall constitute presence in person at any such meeting.

4.5 Place of Meeting, etc. The Board may hold its meetings within or without the State of Delaware at such places as the Board may from time to time by resolution determine or (unless contrary to resolution of the Board) at such place as shall be specified in the notice of the meeting.

4.6 Annual Meeting. After each annual election of directors, the Board may meet, without notice of such meeting, for the purposes of election of officers, and the transaction of other business, on the day when and at the place where such annual election is held, and as soon as practicable after such annual election. Such annual meeting may be held at any other time and place specified in a notice given as hereinafter provided for special meetings of the Board or in a consent and waiver of notice thereof.

4.7 Regular Meetings. Regular meetings of the Board may be held at such times and places as may be fixed from time to time by the Board; and, unless required by the Board, notice of any such meeting need not be given. If any day fixed for a regular meeting shall be a legal holiday at the place where the meeting is to be held, then the meeting, which would otherwise be held on that day, shall be held at the same hour at such place on the next succeeding business day which is not a Saturday or Sunday.

4.8 Special Meetings. Special meetings of the Board may be called for any purpose at any time by or at the request of the Chairman of the Board or the President. Special meetings of the Board shall also be called by the Secretary upon the written request, stating the purpose or purposes of the meeting, of at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the directors then in office. The persons authorized to call special meetings of the Board shall give notice of such meetings in the manner prescribed by these Bylaws and may fix any place, within or without the Corporation's regular business area, as the place for holding any special meeting of the Board called by such persons. No business shall be conducted at a special meeting other than that specified in the notice of meeting.

Waivers of Notice of Meetings. Except as otherwise 4.9 provided in this Article IV, at least twenty-four (24) hours notice of meetings shall be given to each director if given in person or by telephone, telegraph, telex, facsimile or other electronic transmission and at least five (5) days notice of meetings shall be given if given in writing and delivered by courier or by postage prepaid mail. The purpose of any special meeting shall be stated in the notice. Such notice shall be deemed given when sent or given to any mail or courier service or company providing electronic transmission service. Any director may waive notice of any meeting by submitting a signed waiver of notice with the Secretary, whether before or after the meeting. The attendance of a director at a meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice of such meeting, except where a director attends a meeting for the express purpose of objecting at the beginning of the meeting to the transaction of any business because the meeting is not lawfully called or convened.

4.10 Telephonic Meetings. Any one or more members of the Board or any Committee thereof may participate in a meeting of the Board or such Committee by means of conference telephone or similar communication equipment allowing all persons participating in the meeting to hear each other at the same time. Participation by such means shall constitute presence in person at such meeting.

4.11 Quorum and Manner of Acting. A majority of the members of the Board then in office shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business and the vote of a majority of the directors present at the time of the vote, if a quorum is present at such time, shall be the act of the Board in all transactions, except those in which a greater vote is required by law, by the Certificate of Incorporation, or by the By-laws, and in such transactions the vote of such greater number of directors shall be the act of the Board. In the absence of a quorum a majority of the directors present may adjourn any meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum is present.

4.12 Resignations. Any directors of the Corporation may resign at any time by written notification addressed to the President or the Secretary of the Corporation. Such resignation shall take effect upon receipt, and, unless otherwise specified, the acceptance of such resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective.

4.13 Removal of Directors. Any or all of the directors may be removed at any time but only for cause by the shareholders at any meeting of shareholders, called for the purpose, by the affirmative vote of 75% of the shares of the Corporation entitled to vote and, if a corporation, person or other entity owns more than 50% of the shares of the Corporation entitled to vote, by the affirmative vote of the holders of a majority of the shares of the Corporation entitled to vote and not owned by the majority shareholder.

4.14 Vacancies. To the extent not inconsistent with the Certificate of Incorporation and subject to the limitations prescribed by law and the rights of holders of Preferred Stock, vacancies in the office of director, including vacancies created by newly created directorships resulting from an increase in the number of directors, shall be filled only by a vote of a majority of the directors then holding office, whether or not a quorum, at any regular or special meeting of the Board called for that purpose. Subject to the rights of holders of Preferred Stock, no person shall be so elected a director unless nominated by the Nominating Committee. Subject to the rights of holders of Preferred Stock, any director so elected shall serve for the remainder of the full term of the class of directors in which the new directorship was created or the vacancy occurred and until his or her successor shall be elected and qualified.

4.15 Compensation. Each director, in consideration of his serving as such, shall be entitled to receive from the Corporation such reasonable amount per annum or such reasonable fees for attendance at directors' meetings, or both, as the Board shall from time to time determine, together with reimbursement for the reasonable expenses incurred by him in connection with the performance of his duties. Each director who shall serve as a member of the Executive Committee, if any, or any other committee of the Board, in consideration of his serving as such, shall be entitled to such additional amount per annum or such fees for attendance at committee meetings, or both, as the Board shall from time to time determine. Nothing in this section contained shall preclude any director from serving the Corporation or its subsidiaries in any other capacity and receiving proper compensation therefor.

4.16 Board Action Without a Meeting. Whenever any action is required or permitted to be taken by the Board or any committee thereof, such action may be taken without a meeting if all members of the Board or the committee consent in writing to the adopting of a resolution authorizing the action and the resolution and the written consents thereto by the members of the Board or committee are filed with the minutes of the proceedings of the Board or committee.

ARTICLE 5

COMMITTEES

5.1 How Constituted and Powers. By resolution adopted by a majority of the entire Board, the directors may designate from their number three or more directors to constitute an Executive Committee and other committees other than the Nominating Committee, each of which, to the extent provided in the

resolution designating it, shall have the authority of the Board of Directors with the exception of any authority the delegation of which is prohibited by law.

5.2 Nominating Committee. By resolution adopted by at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the entire Board, the directors shall designate from their number at least three (3) but no more than five (5) directors, to constitute a Nominating Committee. No member of the Nominating Committee shall vote on his or her own nomination. The Nominating Committee shall review qualifications of and interview candidates for the Board and shall make nominations for election of board members in accordance with the provisions of these Bylaws. A quorum shall consist of at least one-third of the members of the Committee, and in no event less than two (2) members of the Committee. The Board may remove a member of the Nominating Committee from the Committee, with or without cause, only by a vote of at least seventy-five per cent (75%) of the entire Board at any regular or special meeting of the Board called for that purpose.

ARTICLE 6

OFFICERS

6.1 Officers. The Board shall, as soon as practicable after the annual meeting of shareholders in each year elect a Chairman of the Board, a President, a Treasurer and a Secretary, each to have such functions or duties as are provided in these By-laws or as the Board may from time to time determine and each to hold office for the term for which he is elected and until his successor shall have been duly chosen and shall qualify, or until his death, or until he shall resign or shall have been removed in the manner hereinafter provided. No officer need be a director. The Board may, from time to time, appoint other officers or assistant officers, each of whom shall hold office for such period, have such authority, and perform such duties as are provided in these By-laws or as the Board may from time to time determine. Any two or more offices may be held by the same person, except the offices of President and Secretary.

6.2 Removal of Officers. Except for the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer or the President, any officer may be removed at any regular meeting of the Board with or without cause by an affirmative vote of a majority of the entire Board. The Board may remove the Chairman of the Board, the Chief Executive Officer or the President at any time, with or without cause, only by a vote of seventy-five percent (75%) of the nonofficer directors then holding office at any regular or special meeting of the Board called for that purpose. Removal of an officer, however effected, shall be without prejudice to his contract rights, if any. Appointment or election of an officer shall not of itself create contract rights.

6.3 Vacancies. A vacancy in any office because of death, resignation, removal, disqualification or any other cause may be filled for the unexpired portion of the term by the Board at any regular or special meeting provided notice of such intent is given.

6.4 Compensation. Salaries or other compensation of the officers may be fixed from time to time by the Board. No officer shall be prevented from receiving a salary or other compensation by reason of the fact that he is also a director of the Corporation.

6.5 Chairman of the Board. The Chairman of the Board shall preside at all meetings of the shareholders and at all meetings of the Board and shall have such other powers and duties as may from time to time be assigned to him by the Board.

6.6 President. The President shall have general supervision over the business of the Corporation, subject, however, to the control of the Board and of any duly authorized committee of directors. He may, with the Treasurer or the Secretary or an Assistant Treasurer or an Assistant Secretary, sign certificates for shares of the Corporation. He may sign and execute in the name of the Corporation deeds, mortgages, bonds, contracts and other instruments, except in cases where the signing and execution thereof shall be expressly delegated by the Board or by any duly authorized committee of directors or by these By-laws to some other officer or agent of the Corporation, or shall be required by law otherwise to be signed or executed, and, in general, he shall perform all duties incident to the office of President and such other duties as from time to time may be assigned to him by the Board or by any duly authorized committee of directors. The President shall hire, appoint, discharge and fix the compensation of all employees, agents and representatives of the Corporation, other than the duly elected or appointed officers, subject to the general supervision of the Board.

6.7 Vice Presidents. At the request of the President, or in his absence or disability, at the request of the Board, the Vice Presidents in the order determined by the Board shall perform all the duties of the President and so acting shall have all the powers of and be subject to all the restrictions upon the President. Any Vice President may also, with the Treasurer or the Secretary or an Assistant Treasurer or an Assistant Secretary, sign certificates for shares of the Corporation; may sign and execute in the name of the Corporation deeds, mortgages, bonds, contracts or other instruments authorized by the Board or by any duly authorized committee of directors, except in cases where the signing and execution thereof shall be expressly delegated by the Board or by any duly authorized committee of directors or by these By-laws to some other officer or agent of the Corporation, or shall be required by law otherwise to be signed or executed; and shall perform such other duties as from time to time may be assigned to him by the Board or by any duly authorized committee of directors or by the President.

6.8 Treasurer. The Treasurer shall, if required, by the Board, give a bond for the faithful discharge of his duties, in such sum and with such sureties as the Board shall determine. He shall have charge and custody of, and be responsible for, all funds, securities and notes of the Corporation; receive and give receipts for moneys due and payable to the Corporation from any sources whatsoever; deposit all such moneys in the name of the Corporation in such banks, trust companies or other depositaries as shall be selected in accordance with these By-laws; against proper vouchers cause such funds to be disbursed by checks or drafts on the authorized depositaries of the Corporation signed in such manner as shall be determined in accordance with any provision of these By-laws, and be responsible for the accuracy of the amounts of all money so disbursed; regularly enter or cause to be entered in books to be kept by him or under his direction full and adequate account of all moneys received or paid by him for the account of the Corporation; have the right to require, from time to time, reports or statements giving such information as he may desire with respect to any and all financial transactions of the Corporation from the officers or agents transacting the same; render to the President, the Board or any duly authorized committee of directors, whenever the President, the Board or any duly authorized committee of directors, respectively, shall require him so to do, an account of the financial condition of the Corporation and of all his transactions as Treasurer; exhibit at all reasonable times his books of account and other records to any of the directors of the Corporation, upon application at the office of the Corporation where such books and records are kept; and in general, perform all the duties incident to the office of Treasurer and such other duties as from time to time may be assigned to him by the Board or by any duly authorized committee of directors or by the President; and he may sign with the President or a Vice President certificates for stock of the Corporation.

6.9 The Secretary. The Secretary shall have the duty to record the proceedings of the meetings of the shareholders and directors in a book to be kept for that purpose; he shall see that all notices required to be given by the Corporation are duly given and served; he may, with the President or any of the Vice Presidents, sign certificates for shares of the Corporation; he shall be custodian of the seal of the Corporation and shall affix the seal or cause it to be affixed to all certificates for shares of the Corporation and to all documents the execution of which on behalf of the Corporation under its corporate seal is duly authorized in accordance with the provisions of these By-laws; he shall have charge of the stock ledger and also of the other books, records and papers of the Corporation relating to its organization and management as a Corporation, and shall see that the reports, statements and other documents required by law are properly kept and filed; and shall, in general, perform all the duties incident to the office of Secretary and such other duties as from time to time may be assigned to him by the Board or by any duly authorized committee of directors or by the President.

6.10 Assistant Treasurers and Assistant Secretaries. The Assistant Treasurers shall, respectively, if required by the Board, give bonds for the faithful discharge of their duties in such sums and with such sureties as the Board shall require. Assistant Treasurers and Assistant Secretaries shall perform such duties as shall be assigned to each of them by the Treasurer and by the Secretary, respectively, or by the Board or by any duly authorized committee of directors or by the President. Assistant Treasurers and Assistant Secretaries may, with the President or a Vice President, sign certificates for stock of the Corporation.

ARTICLE 7

CHECKS, DRAFTS, BANK ACCOUNTS, ETC.

7.1 Checks, Drafts, Etc. All checks, drafts and other orders for the payment of money out of the funds of the Corporation and all notes or other evidences of indebtedness of the Corporation shall be signed on behalf of the Corporation in such manner as shall from time to time be determined by reso lution of the Board or of any duly authorized committee of directors.

7.2 Deposits. The funds of the Corporation not otherwise employed shall be deposited from time to time to the order of the Corporation in such banks, trust companies or other depositaries as the Board or any duly authorized committee of directors may select or as may be selected by an officer or officers, agent or agents, of the Corporation to whom such power may from time to time be delegated by the Board or any duly authorized committee of directors.

ARTICLE 8

STOCK AND DIVIDENDS

8.1 Transfer Agent and Registrar. The Board shall have the power to appoint one or more Transfer Agents and Registrars for the transfer and registration of certificates of stock of any class, and may require that stock certificates be countersigned and registered by one or more of such Transfer Agents and Registrars.

8.2 Registration and Transfer of Shares. Subject to the provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation, the name of each person owning a share of the capital stock of the Corporation shall be entered on the books of the Corporation together with the number of shares held by him or her, the numbers of the certificates covering such shares and the dates of issue of such certificates. Subject to the provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation, the shares of stock of the Corporation shall be transferable on the books of the Corporation by the holders thereof in person, or by their duly authorized attorneys or legal representatives, on surrender and cancellation of certificates for a like number of shares, accompanied by an assignment or power of transfer endorsed thereon or attached thereto, duly executed, with such guarantee or proof of the authenticity of the signature as the Corporation or its agents may reasonably require and with proper evidence of payment of any applicable transfer taxes. Subject to the provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation, a record shall be made of each transfer.

8.3 Lost, Destroyed, Stolen and Mutilated Certificates. The Board may direct that a new certificate be issued in place of any certificate theretofore issued claimed to have been lost or destroyed, provided it has received proof satisfactory to it by affidavit or otherwise of the facts surrounding the loss or destruction of the certificate and the ownership thereof at the time of such loss or destruction. As a condition precedent to the issuance of a new certificate, the Board may also require the alleged owner to advertise the fact of the loss or destruction in a newspaper chosen by the Board and/or furnish to the Corporation a surety bond in form and amount satisfactory to it indemnifying the Corporation and its directors and officers from all claims and expenses with respect to the certificate claimed to have been lost or destroyed and the duplicate certificate issued in place thereof.

8.4 Dividends, Surplus, Etc. Subject to the provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation and the law of the State of Delaware, the Board (i) may declare dividends on the shares of the Corporation in such amounts as, in its opinion, the condition of the affairs of the Corporation shall render advisable, (ii) may use and apply, in its discretion, any of the surplus of the Corporation or the net profits arising from its business in purchasing or acquiring any of the shares of stock of the Corporation or of purchase warrants therefor in accordance with law, or any of its bonds, debentures, notes, scrip or other securities or evidences of indebtedness, and (iii) may set aside from time to time out of such surplus or net profits such sum or sums as it in its absolute discretion may think proper, as a reserve fund to meet contingencies, or equalizing dividends, or for the purpose of maintaining or increasing the property or business of the Corporation, or for any other purpose it may think conducive to the best interest of the Corporation.

8.5 Holder of Record. Subject to the provisions of the Certificate of Incorporation of the Corporation, the Corporation shall be entitled to treat the holder of record of any share or shares of stock as the holder thereof in fact and shall not be bound to recognize any equitable or other claim to or interest in such shares on the part of any other person, whether or not it shall have express or other notice thereof, except as otherwise expressly provided by law.

ARTICLE 9

FORM OF RECORDS

Any records maintained by the Corporation in the regular course of its business, including its stock ledger, books of account, and minute books, may be kept on, or be in the form of, punch cards, magnetic tape, photographs, micro-photographs, or any other information storage device, provided that the records so kept can be converted into clearly legible written form within a reasonable time. The Corporation shall so convert any records so kept upon the request of any person entitled to inspect the same.

ARTICLE 10

SEAL

The Board shall provide a corporate seal which shall be in the form of a circle and shall bear the full name of the Corporation and the year of its incorporation, 1983.

ARTICLE 11

FISCAL YEAR

The Fiscal Year of the Corporation shall be the calendar year unless otherwise determined by the Board of Directors.

ARTICLE 12

VOTING OF STOCK HELD

Unless otherwise provided by resolution of the Board, the President may, from time to time, appoint an attorney or attorneys or agent or agents of this Corporation, including himself, in the name and on behalf of the Corporation to cast the votes which the Corporation may be entitled to cast as a stockholder or otherwise in any other corporation, any of whose stock or securities may be held by the Corporation, at meetings of the holders of the stock or other securities of such other corporation, or to consent in writing to any action by any such other corporation, and may instruct the person or persons so appointed as to the manner of casting such votes or giving such consent, and may execute or cause to be executed on behalf of the Corporation and under its corporate seal, or otherwise, such written proxies, consents, waivers or other instruments as he may deem necessary or proper in the premises; or the President may himself attend any meeting of the holders of stock or other securities of any such other corporation and thereat vote or exercise any or all other powers of the Corporation as the holder of such stock or other securities of such other corporation.

ARTICLE 13

AMENDMENT

Except as otherwise provided by law or under the Corporation's Certificate of Incorporation, the By-laws of the Corporation may not be amended except (a) by resolution adopted by vote of seventy-five percent of the entire Board of Directors, (b) by the shareholders voting upon a proposal recommended by the affirmative vote of 75% of the entire Board of Directors, or (c)

by the affirmative vote of (i) the holders of 75% of the shares of the Corporation entitled to vote and (ii) if any corporation, person, or other entity owns more than 50% of the shares of the Corporation entitled to vote, the holders of a majority of the shares of the Corporation entitled to vote and not owned by the majority shareholder. Any amendment made by the Board of Directors and any proposed amendment adopted by the Board of Directors for recommendation to the Shareholders shall be adopted at a regular meeting and may be adopted only if (a) a notice specifying the change or amendment shall have been given at a previous regular meeting and entered in the minutes of the Board; (b) a written statement describing the change or amendment shall be made in a notice mailed to the directors of the meeting at which the change or amendment shall be acted upon. Notwith standing the foregoing, any provision of these Bylaws that con tains a supermajority voting requirement shall only be altered, amended, rescinded, or repealed by the Board by a vote not less than the supermajority specified in such provision.

1 As amended on February 22, 1996, May 28, 1998, October 31, 2002, July 22, 2003 and June 3, 2004

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

I, Alvaro Cadena, certify that:

- 1.I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Graham Corporation;
- 2.Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3.Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
- 4.The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e))for the registrant and have:

a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;

b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report based on such evaluation; and

c) Disclosed in this quarterly report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

> a) All significant deficiencies in the design and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal controls over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

> b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Alvaro Cadena President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

I, J. Ronald Hansen, certify that:

- 1.I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Graham Corporation;
- 2.Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this quarterly report;
- 3.Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this quarterly report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this quarterly report;
- 4.The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:

a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this quarterly report is being prepared;

b) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this quarterly report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this quarterly report based on such evaluation; and

c) Disclosed in this quarterly report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and

5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):

> a) All significant deficiencies in the design and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and

> b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ J. Ronald Hansen J. Ronald Hansen Vice President-Finance & Administration Chief Financial Officer

GRAHAM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Graham Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending June 30, 2004 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned certifies pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

August 3, 2004 _____ Date /s/ Alvaro Cadena ______Alvaro Cadena President and Chief Executive Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 or other document authenticating, acknowledging or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in the typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Graham Corporation and will be retained by Graham Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

GRAHAM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report of Graham Corporation (the "Company") on Form 10-Q for the period ending June 30, 2004 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned certifies pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

August 3, 2004 _____ Date /s/ J. Ronald Hansen J. Ronald Hansen Vice President-Finance and Administration and Chief Financial Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 or other document authenticating, acknowledging or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in the typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Graham Corporation and will be retained by Graham Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.