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            FORM 10-Q
            SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
            Washington, D.C. 20549
(Mark one)
[X] QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF
    THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.
For Quarterly Period Ended June 30, 1995
    OR
[ ] TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF
    THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934.
For the transition period from to
Commission File Number 1-8462
    GRAHAM CORPORATION
        (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)
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## DELAWARE

 incorporation or organization) Identification No.)```
14020
(Address of Principal Executive Offices)
(Zip Code)
Registrant's telephone number, including Area Code: 716-343-2216
(Former name, former address and former fiscal year, if changed since last report.)
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or \(15(\mathrm{~d})\) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.
YES X NO
As of August 4, 1995, there were outstanding 1,052,499 shares of common stock, \(\$ .10\) par value.
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GRAHAM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
FORM 10-Q
JUNE 30, 1995
PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Unaudited consolidated financial statements of Graham Corporation (the company) and its subsidiaries as of June 30, 1995 and for the three month and six month periods then ended are presented on the following pages. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the company's usual accounting policies, are based in part on approximations and reflect all adjustments which are, in the opinion of management, necessary to a fair statement of the results of the interim periods.

This part also includes management's discussion and analysis of the company's financial condition as of June 30, 1995 and its results of operations for the three month and six month periods then ended.

GRAHAM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET

<TABLE>
<CAPTION>
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { June } 30, \\
1995
\end{gathered}
\] & \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { December } 31, \\
1994
\end{gathered}
\] \\
\hline <S> & <C> & <C> \\
\hline Assets & & \\
\hline Current Assets: & & \\
\hline Cash and equivalents & \$ 68,000 & \$ 454,000 \\
\hline Trade accounts receivable & 8,628,000 & 11,883,000 \\
\hline Inventories & 6,035,000 & 4,547,000 \\
\hline Deferred tax asset & 1,114,000 & 1,114,000 \\
\hline Prepaid expenses and other current assets & 344,000 & 439,000 \\
\hline & 16,189,000 & 18,437,000 \\
\hline Property, plant and equipment, net & 9,321,000 & 9,663,000 \\
\hline Deferred tax assest & 1,791,000 & 1,791,000 \\
\hline Other assets & 51,000 & 62,000 \\
\hline & \$27,352,000 & \$29,953,000 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
</TABLE>
GRAHAM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (concluded)

| <TABLE> |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| <CAPTION> |  |  |
|  | June 30, 1995 | $\begin{gathered} \text { December } 31, \\ 1994 \end{gathered}$ |
| <S> | <C> | <C> |
| Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity |  |  |
| Current liabilities: |  |  |
| Short-term debt due banks | \$ 478,000 | \$ 196,000 |
| Current portion of long-term debt | 232,000 | 235,000 |
| Accounts payable | 3,636,000 | 4,275,000 |
| Accrued compensation | 2,494,000 | 3,220,000 |
| Accrued expenses and other liabilities | 1,251,000 | 1,488,000 |
| Litigation reserve |  | 1,247,000 |
| Customer deposits | 101,000 | 270,000 |
| Domestic and foreign income taxes payable |  | 260,000 |
| Estimated liabilities of discontinued operations | 308,000 | 401,000 |
|  | 8,500,000 | 11,592,000 |
| Long-term debt | 5,059,000 | 5,161,000 |
| Deferred compensation | 971,000 | 993,000 |
| Deferred tax liability | 139,000 | 138,000 |
| Other long-term liabilities | 293,000 | 496,000 |
| Deferred pension liability | 2,196,000 | 1,369,000 |
| Accrued postretirement benefits | 3,127,000 | 3,133,000 |
| Total liabilities | 20,285,000 | 22,882,000 |
| Shareholders' equity: |  |  |
| Common stock, $\$ .10$ par valueAuthorized, 6,000,000 shares |  |  |
| Issued and outstanding, 1,051,499 shares in 1995 and 1994 | 105,000 | 105,000 |
| Capital in excess of par value | 3,197,000 | 3,197,000 |
| Cumulative foreign currency translation adjustment | $(1,862,000)$ | $(1,876,000)$ |
| Retained earnings | 6,602,000 | 6,720,000 |
|  | 8,042,000 | 8,146,000 |
| Less: |  |  |
| Employee Stock Ownership Plan Loan Payable | $(975,000)$ | $(1,075,000)$ |
| Total shareholders' equity | 7,067,000 | 7,071,000 |
|  | \$27,352,000 | \$29,953,000 |

## </TABLE>

GRAHAM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS AND RETAINED EARNINGS
<TABLE>
<CAPTION>

|  | THREE MONTHSended June 30,1995 |  | SIX MONTHSended June 30,1995 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| <S> | <C> | <C> | <C> | <C> |
| Net Sales | \$12,007,000 | \$ 8,561,000 | \$21,312,000 | \$18,465,000 |
| Cost and expenses: |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of products sold | 9,341,000 | 6,527,000 | 16,146,000 | 13,684,000 |
| Selling, general and administrative | 2,725,000 | 2,408,000 | 5,030,000 | 4,808,000 |
| Interest expense | 160,000 | 114,000 | 327,000 | 230,000 |
| Litigation provision |  | 179,000 |  | 252,000 |



GRAHAM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASHFLOWS

## <TABLE>

<CAPTION>


| Net cash provided (used) by financing activities |  | 274,000 | $(938,000)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Effect of exchange rate on cash |  | 5,000 |  |
| Net increase (decrease) in cash and equivalents |  | $(386,000)$ | 1,005,000 |
| Cash and equivalents at beginning of period |  | 454,000 | 99,000 |
| Cash and equivalents at end of period | \$ | 68,000 | \$1,104,000 |

GRAHAM CORPORATION AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO FINANCIAL INFORMATION
JUNE 30, 1995

| NOTE 1 - INVENTORIES |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Major classifications of inventories are as follows:<TABLE> |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| <CAPTION> |  |  |
|  | 6/30/95 | 12/31/94 |
| <S> | <C> | <C> |
| Raw materials and supplies | \$ 2,078,000 | \$ 1,857,000 |
| Work in process | 3,559,000 | 2,507,000 |
| Finished products | 1,012,000 | 953,000 |
|  | 6,649,000 | 5,317,000 |
| Less - progress payments | 614,000 | 770,000 |
|  | \$ 6,035,000 | \$ 4,547,000 |
| </TABLE> |  |  |
| NOTE 2 - EARNINGS PER SHARE |  |  |

Earnings per share is computed by dividing net income by the weighted number of common shares and, when applicable, common equivalent shares outstanding during the period. Net loss per share is based on the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period.

## NOTE 3 - CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Actual interest paid was $\$ 378,000$ and $\$ 352,000$ for the six months ended June 30, 1995 and 1994, respectively. In addition, actual income taxes paid were $\$ 238,000$ and $\$ 28,000$ for the six months ended June 30, 1995 and 1994, respectively.

NOTE 4 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

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Effective January 1, 1994, the company adopted Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 112 (SFAS 112), "Employers' Accounting for Postemployment Benefits." SFAS 112 requires that projected future costs of providing postemployment benefits be recognized as an expense as employees render service rather than when the benefits are paid. The adjustment to adopt SFAS 112 of $\$ 9,000$, net of the related tax benefit of $\$ 3,000$, or $\$ .01$ per share, is presented in the Consolidated Statement of Operations and Retained Earnings as the cumulative effect of change in accounting principle. The amount of the after tax charge of $\$ 6,000$ relating to continuing operations was $\$ 2,000$. The incremental costs of adopting this statement are insignificant on an ongoing basis.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL
CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS
June 30, 1995

Results of Operations
Sales increased 40\% in the second quarter 1995 compared to 1994. Sales for the second quarter increased $50 \%$ in the United States and decreased $14 \%$ in the United Kingdom compared to 1994. Sales for the six months ended June 30, 1995 increased 15\% from the same period last year. Sales in the United States increased 19\% and the United Kingdom sales decreased 11\% from the same period last year.

The increase in the United States sales levels is due to a relatively stable sales volume throughout 1995 as compared to 1994 when second quarter sales were substantially below sales in other quarters during the year. The decrease in the United Kingdom sales is attributable to order cancellations from a customer who is experiencing financial difficulties. The United Kingdom operation is focusing its efforts on further development of its market share to overcome this loss of business.

Cost of sales as a percent of sales for the second quarter 1995 was $78 \%$ compared to $76 \%$ a year ago. Cost of sales as a percent of sales for the three month period was $79 \%$ for the United States operations compared to $78 \%$ last year and $62 \%$ for the United Kingdom operations compared to $65 \%$ last year. For the six months, cost of sales as a percent of sales was $76 \%$ compared to $74 \%$ a year ago. In the United States cost of sales as a percent of sales was $77 \%$ compared to $76 \%$ a year ago, and in the United Kingdom cost of sales as a percent of sales remained unchanged at $63 \%$ compared to a year ago. While the percentages have remained relatively stable in the United Kingdom, percentages for the United States reflect a slight decline in contribution margins as material costs were substantial for various large projects in 1995.

Selling, general and administrative expenses increased 13\% from the second quarter of 1994, and represent $23 \%$ of sales as compared to $28 \%$ in 1994. For the six months ended June 30 , 1995, selling, general and administrative expenses are up 5\% as compared to the same period in 1994 and were $24 \%$ of sales compared to $26 \%$ in 1994. The increase in selling, general and administrative expenses is primarily attributable to additional expenses incurred by the United States operation.

Interest expense for the second quarter is up $40 \%$ from the same period in 1994. Interest expense for the six month period in 1995 is up $42 \%$ compared to the six month period in 1994. These increases resulted from higher levels of borrowing on the United States revolving credit facility and a higher prime rate in 1995.

The effective income tax rate for the second quarter and the six-month period in 1995 remained relatively consistent at $37 \%$ and $38 \%$ respectively, compared to $35 \%$ for the second quarter and six-month period of 1994.

Results of Operations (cont.)

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As reported in the company's 1994 annual report and Form $10-\mathrm{K}$, the company approved a formal plan to dispose of its subsidiary, Graham Manufacturing Limited (GML), in September 1994 and subsequently sold the operation in January 1995. Accordingly, the results of operations for the 1994 quarters have been restated to reflect GML's operations as discontinued operations.

Financial Condition

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There were no significant changes in the financial condition of the company for the first half of 1995. Working capital of $\$ 7,689,000$ at June 30,1995 compares to $\$ 6,845,000$ at December 31, 1994. The working capital increase from year end reflects a decrease in current assets of $\$ 2,248,000$ and a decrease in current liabilities of $\$ 3,092,000$. The decrease in current assets related primarily to a decrease in accounts receivable offset by an increase in inventories. Due to the significant fourth quarter sales volume, accounts receivable were unusually high and inventory levels were low at December 31, 1994. The decrease in current liabilities reflects the decline in the litigation reserve as the lawsuit was settled in 1995 and payment was made during the second quarter. The remainder of the decrease is attributable to accounts payable and a reclass of the current portion of the pension liability to long-term due to a revised contribution schedule.

Capital expenditures for the six month period were $\$ 81,000$ compared to $\$ 206,000$ for the same period in 1994. There were no major commitments for capital expenditures as of June 30, 1995. Management anticipates spending $\$ 450,000$ in 1995 for capital additions to upgrade machinery and equipment.

Short-term debt increased \$282,000 from year end due to additional borrowings for working capital needs of the United Kingdom operation. Total long-term debt decreased \$105,000 from year end due to scheduled payments on the ESOP loan. The long-term debt to equity ratio is $75 \%$ compared to $76 \%$ at year-end 1994 and the total liabilities to assets ratio is $74 \%$ compared to $76 \%$ at year-end 1994.

Management expects that the cash flow from operations and lines of credit will provide sufficient resources to fund the 1995 cash requirements.

New Orders and Backlog
New orders for the second quarter were $\$ 13,269,000$ compared to $\$ 13,460,000$ for the same period last year. New orders in the United States were $\$ 12,321,000$ compared to $\$ 10,893,000$ for the same period in 1994. New orders in the United Kingdom were $\$ 948,000$ compared to $\$ 2,567,000$ for the same quarter last year. For the first six months new orders were $\$ 26,436,000$ compared to $\$ 27,139,000$ in the first half of 1994. New orders in the United States were $\$ 24,510,000$ for the first half of 1995 compared to $\$ 23,033,000$ for the same period last year and new orders in the United Kingdom were $\$ 1,926,000$ compared to $\$ 4,106,000$ for the first six months of 1994.

New Orders and Backlog (cont.)
Backlog of unfilled orders at June 30, 1995 is $\$ 24,132,000$ compared to $\$ 25,212,000$ at this time a year ago and $\$ 18,997,000$ at year end 1994. Current backlog in the United States of $\$ 23,398,000$ compares to $\$ 18,127,000$ at year end 1994 and $\$ 22,934,000$ at June 30, 1994. Current backlog in the United Kingdom of $\$ 734,000$ compares to $\$ 870,000$ at December 31, 1994 and $\$ 2,278,000$ at June 30, 1994. The current backlog is scheduled to be shipped during the next twelve months and represents orders from traditional markets in the company's established product lines.

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K
a. See index to exhibits.
b. No reports on Form $8-\mathrm{K}$ were filed during the quarter ended June 30, 1995.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

GRAHAM CORPORATION


Date 08/04/95

## INDEX TO EXHIBITS

(2) Plan of acquisition, reorganization, arrangement, liquidation or succession.

Not applicable.
(4) Instruments defining the rights of security holders, including indentures.
(a) Equity securities

The instruments defining the rights of the holders of Registrant's equity securities are as follows:

Certificate of Incorporation, as amended of Registrant (filed as Exhibit $3(a)$ to the Registrant's annual report on Form $10-\mathrm{K}$ for the fiscal year ended December 31, 1989, and incorporated herein by refererence.)

By-laws of registrant (filed as Exhibit $C$ to the Proxy Statement of Graham Manufacturing Co., Inc. for that company's annual meeting of shareholders held on May 4, 1983, which Proxy Statement constitutes the prospectus included as part of the Registrant's Registration Statement No. 2-82275 on Form S-14 and is incorporated herein by reference.)

Shareholder Rights Plan of Graham Corporation (filed as Exhibit (4) to Registrant's current report filed on Form 8-K on February 26, 1991, as amended by
Registrant's Amendment No. 1 on Form 8 dated June 8,

## 1991, and incorporated herein by reference.)

(b) Debt securities

Not applicable.
(10) Material Contracts

1989 Stock Option and Appreciation Rights Plan of Graham Corporation (filed on the Registrant's Proxy Statement for its 1991 Annual Meeting of Shareholders and incorporated herein by reference.)
(11) Statement re-computation of per share earnings

See attached.
(15) Letter re-unaudited interim financial information.

Not applicable.
(18) Letter re-change in accounting principles.

Not applicable.

Index to Exhibits (cont.)

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(19) Report furnished to security holders.

None
(22) Published report regarding matters submitted to vote of security holders.

None
(23) Consents of experts and counsel.

Not applicable.
(24) Power of Attorney.

Not applicable.
(27) Financial Data Schedule.

See attached.
(99) Additional exhibits.

None

| COMPUTATION OF EARNINGS PER SHARE |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| <TABLE> <br> <CAPTION> |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Three months <br> ended June 30 |  | Six months |  |
|  |  |  | ended June 30 |  |
|  | 1995 | 1994 | 1995 | 1994 |
|  | ---- |  |  |  |
| <S> | <C> | <C> | <C> | <C> |
| Calculation of common and common equivalent shares: |  |  |  |  |
| Shares outstanding at beginning |  |  |  |  |
| Weighted average number of shares |  |  |  |  |
| Issuance of shares |  |  |  | 3,000 |
| Weighted average shares |  |  |  | 1,049,000 |
| Common equivalent shares if stock options were exercised |  |  |  |  |
| Average number of common and common equivalent shares outstanding | Average number of common and common |  |  | 1,049,000 |
| Calculation of earnings per share: |  |  |  |  |
| Net loss | (\$137,000) | (\$856,000) | (\$118,000) | (\$789,000) |
| Average number of common and common |  |  |  |  |
| Loss per common and common |  |  |  |  |
| <FN> |  |  |  |  |
| Fully diluted earnings per share is period-end market price of common stock </TABLE> | equivalent does not r | to primary e result in gre | nings per er diluti | are as the |

<TABLE> <S> <C>
<ARTICLE> 5
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THE SCHEDULE CONTAINS SUMMARY FINANCIAL INFORMATION EXTRACTED FROM THE GRAHAM
CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AND CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS
AND RETAINED EARNINGS AND IS QUALIFIED IN ITS ENTIRETY BY REFERENCE TO SUCH
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